

## Solving Equations Using Logarithms

If  $a^b = c$ ,  $\log a^b = \log c$ . (Take the log of each side)

$$b \log a = \log c$$

When you take the log of an expression the exponent becomes the product of the log of the base. We will discuss this further later.

$$b = \frac{\log c}{\log a}$$

\* to solve for b, divide each side by log a

Solve for x – round to the nearest hundredths place.

A)  $2^x = 7$

$$\begin{aligned} \log 2^x &= \log 7 \\ x \log 2 &= \log 7 \\ x &= \frac{\log 7}{\log 2} \\ \boxed{x = 2.81} \end{aligned}$$

B)  $6^{2x} = 123$

$$\begin{aligned} \log 6^{2x} &= \log 123 \\ 2x \log 6 &= \log 123 \\ 2x &= \frac{\log 123}{\log 6} \\ 2x &= 2.686 \\ \boxed{x = 1.34} \end{aligned}$$

C)  $4^{2x-1} = 53.2$

$$\begin{aligned} \log 4^{2x-1} &= \log 53.2 \\ 2x-1 \log 4 &= \log 53.2 \\ 2x-1 &= \frac{\log 53.2}{\log 4} \\ 2x-1 &= 2.867 \\ 2x &= 3.867 \\ \boxed{x = 1.93} \end{aligned}$$

D)  $2^{6x+2} = 4^{2x}$

$$\begin{aligned} 6x+2 \log 2 &= 2x \log 4 \\ 6x+2 &= 2x \left( \frac{\log 4}{\log 2} \right) \\ 6x+2 &= 2x \cdot 2 \\ 6x+2 &= 4x \\ 2 &= -2x \\ \boxed{x = -1} \end{aligned}$$

E)  $2^{3x+1} = 4^x$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x+1 \log 2 &= x \log 4 \\ 3x+1 &= x \left( \frac{\log 4}{\log 2} \right) \\ 3x+1 &= 2x \\ \boxed{x = -1} \end{aligned}$$

F)  $7^{2x+1} = 164$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x+1 \log 7 &= \log 164 \\ 2x+1 &= \frac{\log 164}{\log 7} \\ 2x+1 &= 2.621 \\ \boxed{x = 0.81} \end{aligned}$$

G)  $4^{3x-1} = 8^{x+2}$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x-1 \log 4 &= x+2 \log 8 \\ 3x-1 &= x+2 \left( \frac{\log 8}{\log 4} \right) \\ 3x-1 &= 1.5x+3 \\ 1.5x &= 4 \\ \boxed{x = 2.67} \end{aligned}$$

H)  $\log_3 4$

$$\frac{\log 4}{\log 3} \\ \boxed{x = 1.26}$$

I)  $\log_7 54$

$$\frac{\log 54}{\log 7} \\ \boxed{x = 2.05}$$

