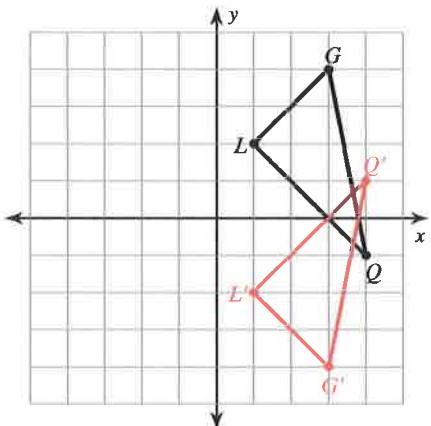
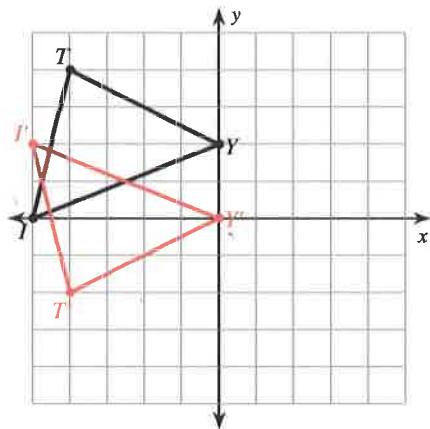


Reflections of Shapes**Graph the image of the figure using the transformation given.**

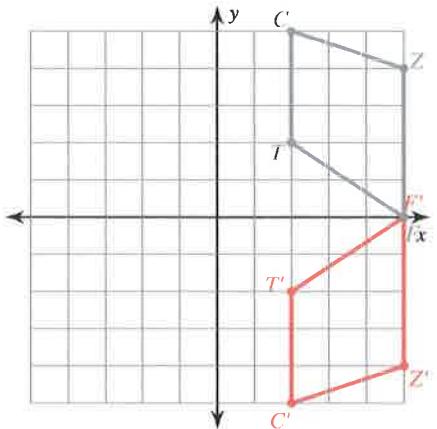
- 1) reflection across the x-axis



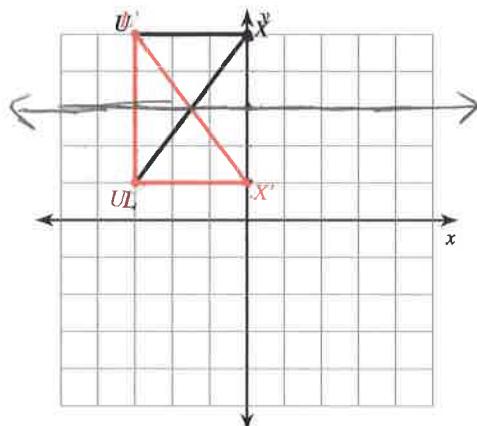
- 3) reflection across
- $y = 1$



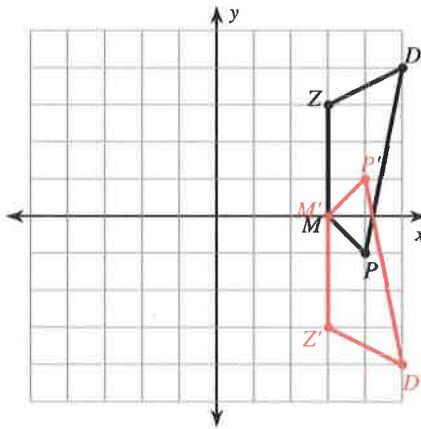
- 5) reflection across the x-axis
-
- $T(2, 2), C(2, 5), Z(5, 4), F(5, 0)$



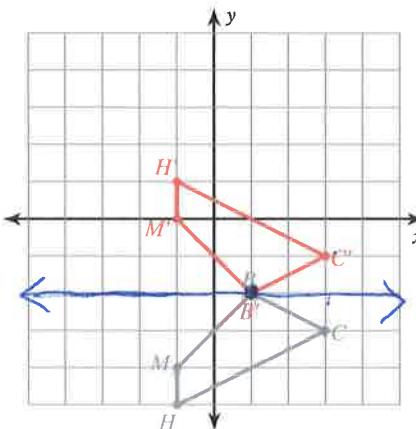
- 2) reflection across
- $y = 3$



- 4) reflection across the x-axis



- 6) reflection across
- $y = -2$
-
- $H(-1, -5), M(-1, -4), B(1, -2), C(3, -3)$



Find the coordinates of the vertices of each figure after the given transformation.

- 7) reflection across the x-axis

$$K(1, -1), N(4, 0), Q(4, -4)$$

$$N'(4, 0), Q'(4, 4), K'(1, 1)$$

- 9) reflection across $x = 3$

$$F(2, 2), W(2, 5), K(3, 2)$$

$$W'(4, 5), K'(3, 2), F'(4, 2)$$

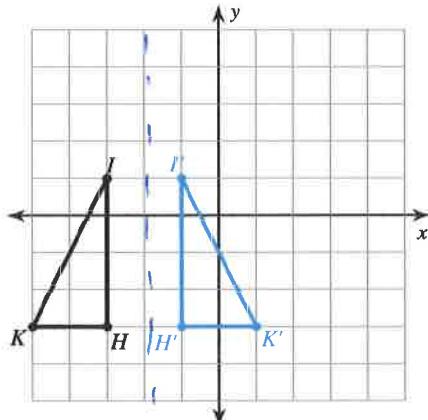
- 8) reflection across $y = -1$

$$R(-3, -5), N(-4, 0), V(-2, -1), E(0, -4)$$

$$N'(-4, -2), V'(-2, -1), E'(0, 2), R'(-3, 3)$$

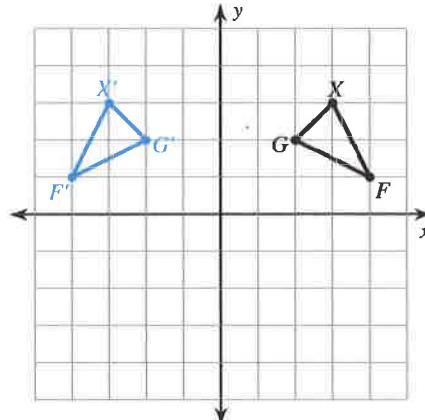
Write a rule to describe each transformation.

11)



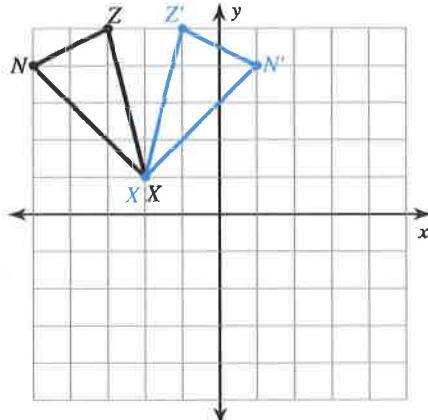
reflection across $x = -2$

12)



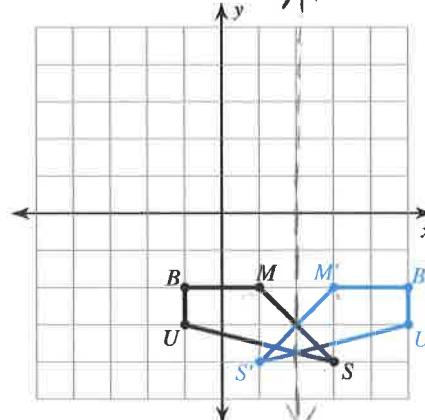
reflection across the y-axis

13)



reflection across $x = -2$

14)

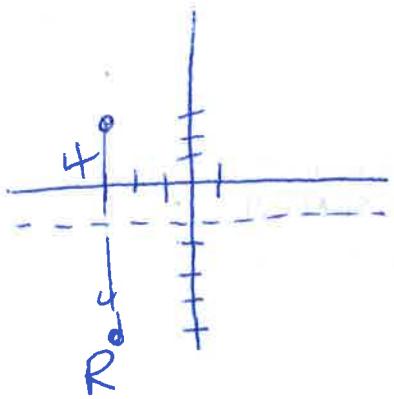


reflection across $x = 2$

$\frac{d}{dx} \ln(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

$\ln(10) = 2.302585$

$\ln(10) = 2.302585$



The function $y = \ln(x)$ is increasing and has a vertical asymptote.